ad hoc grants released to the Inter State Board for Anglo-Indian Education by the Government year-wise is as under:

1992-93	1993-94	1994-95
20,000|-	20,000|-	20,000|-

(b) As per the information given by the Inter State Board for Anglo-Indi-U* Education, the primary objective of the Board is to maintain uniformity of standards of education in the Anglo-Indian schools in the country.

Kendriya Vidyalayas and Navodaya Vidjalayas in the country

4146. SHRI J. S. RAJU: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DE-VELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that all the disricts of the country do not have a Kendriya Vidyalaya and a Navodaya Vidyalaya;

(b) if so, what are the details of the districts which do not have these Vidyalayas; and

(c) by when each of the districts of all the States and UTs will have one?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and c) Kendriya Vidyalayas are not opened Dsitrict-wise. They are opened wherever there is a sizeable concentration of transferable Central Govt. employees|Defence employees and the sponsoring departmentjorganisation provideds physical facilities in:luding land etc., as per the norms prescribed by the Sangatban. It has been decided to open upto 20 Vidyalayas per year under Civil] Defence Sector and as many proposals as found suitable under Project sector during the period 1993—98.

So far as Navodaya Vidyalayas are concerned, 373 districts already have a Vidyalaya each. The details of coverage of the Navodaya Vidyalaya scheme Statewide, indicating number of districts covered]uncovered is annexed as a statement *(See* below).

Decision to set up new Vidyalayas in remaining districts depends on the availability of suitable proposals from the State Governments including offer of land and temporary accommodation free of cost or at nominal cost.

Statement

State-wise details of JVNs sanctioned!uncovered districts & their percentage

S. No.	Name of State/UT	Total No. of distts.	JNVs sanction	Balance districts	Percentage**
1	2	3	4	5	6
01.	Andhra Pradesh	23	22	01	96%
02.	Arunachal Pradesh	11	06	05	55%
03.	Bihar	50	37	13	74%
04.	Gujarat	19	12	07	63%
05.	Haryana	16	14	02	88%
06.	Himachal Pradesh	12	10	02	83%
07.	Kerala	14	12	02	86%
08.	Maharashtra	33	28	05	85%
09.	Punjab	12	11	01	92%
10.	Rajasthan	28	27	01	96%

1	2	3	4	5	6
11.	Sikkim	04	02	02	50%
12.	Nagaland	07	04	03	57%
13.	Uttar Pradesh	63	46	17	73%
14.	Delhi	04	02	02	50%
15.	Assam	23	15	08	65%
	(100% coverage made)				
01.	Orissa	13	13	..	100%
02.	Goa	02	02	..	100%
03.	Jammu & Kashmir	14	14	..	100%
04.	Karnataka	20	20	..	100%
05.	Manipur	08	08	..	100%
06.	Mizoram	03	03	..	100%
07.	Andaman & Nicobar	02	02	..	100%
08.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	01	01	..	100%
09.	Daman & Diu	02	02	..	100%
10.	Lakshdweep	01	01	..	100%
11.	Pondicherry	04	04	..	100%
12.	Madhya Pradesh	45	45	..	100%
13.	Chandigarh	01	01	..	100%
14.	Meghalaya	06	06	..	100%
15.	Tripura	03	03	..	100%
	TOTAL :	444*	373*	71	..

*ExcIuding newly created districts and districts in west Bengal and Tamil Nadu.
**Including 14 districts to be covered by 31-3-95.

Educatoin for All

4147. SHRI S. VIDUTHALAl VIRUMB1: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT he pleased to state:

(a) the action taken by the Cento I Government as well as by Slate Government to achieve the plan of "Education for all by AD 2000" during the last three years;

(b) whether any special project going to be launched in this direction in the coming years: and

(c) _jf so the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA): (a) The National Policy on Education (NPE) 1986 and its programme of Action (POA) as revised in 1992 spell out the strategy as well as programmes to achieve Education for All (EFA). A Conference of Chief Ministers was specially convened on 15th February, 1994 to consider the relevant issues of Education for All. The Chief Ministers strongly reiterated their commitment to the achievement of EFA. It was agreed that the outlay for education